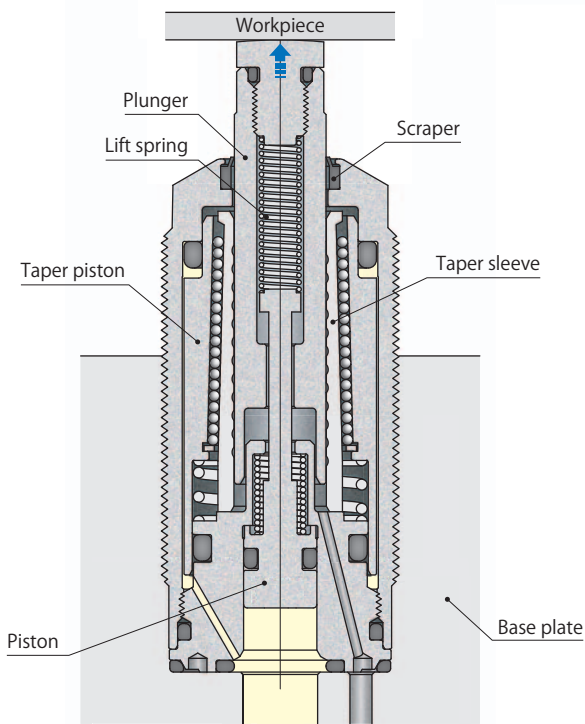


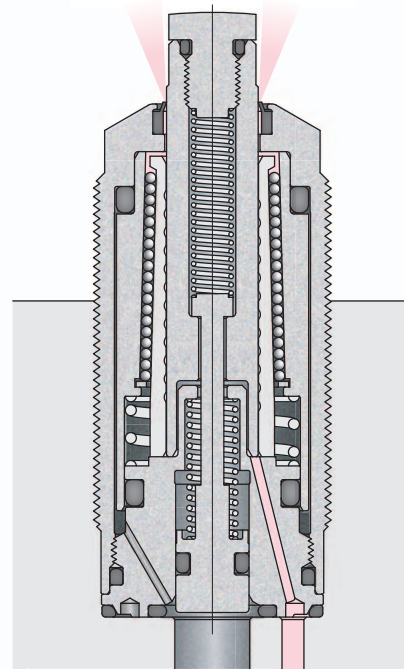
Hydraulic lift

Standard model **CSN**□-□□

Support force enhanced model **CSY**□-□□



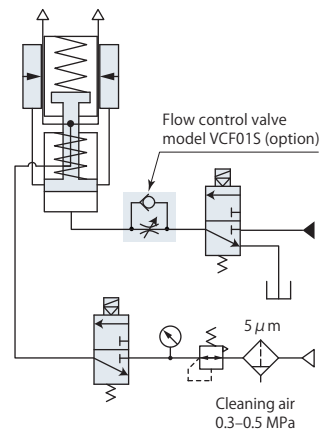
Lock



↑ Air cleaning

Unlock

Hydraulic and pneumatic circuit diagram



Specifications

page → 150

Hydraulic pressure & support force

page → 151

Applied load & deformation

page → 151

Dimensions

pages → 152, 154

Mounting details

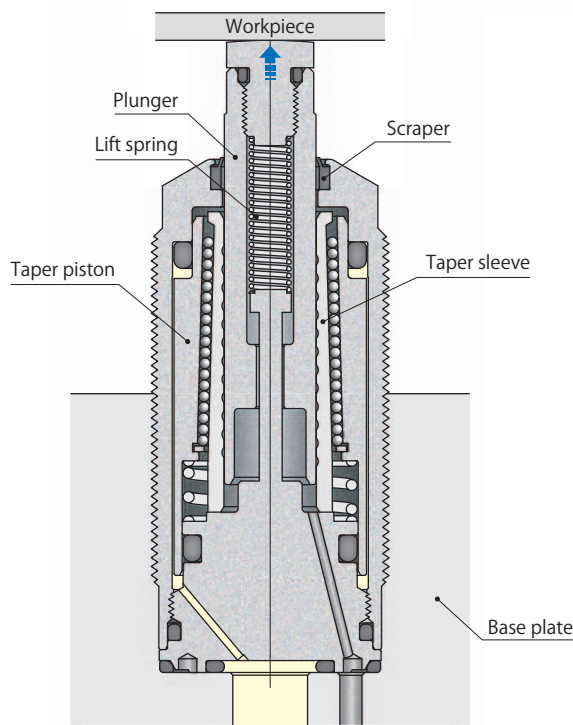
pages → 152, 154

Air sensor

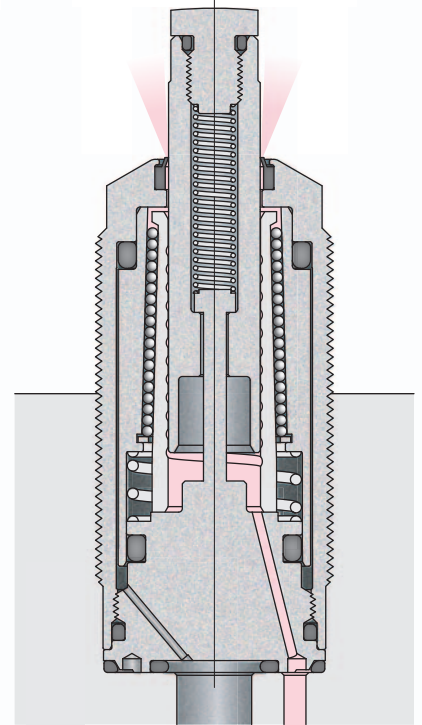
page → 156

Spring lift

model CSK□-□



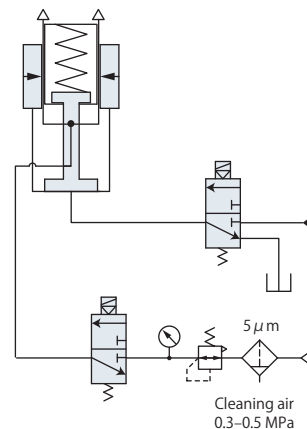
Lock



Unlock

↑ Air cleaning

Hydraulic and pneumatic circuit diagram

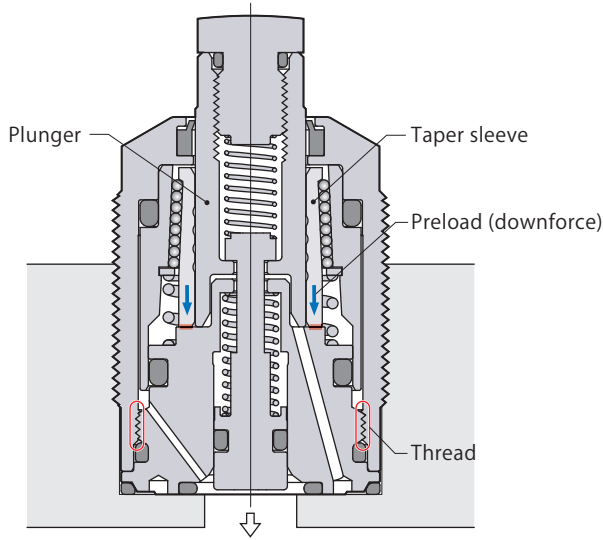


- Specifications page → 150
- Hydraulic pressure & support force page → 151
- Applied load & deformation page → 151
- Dimensions page → 160
- Mounting details page → 160

Work support
CSK
Spring lift

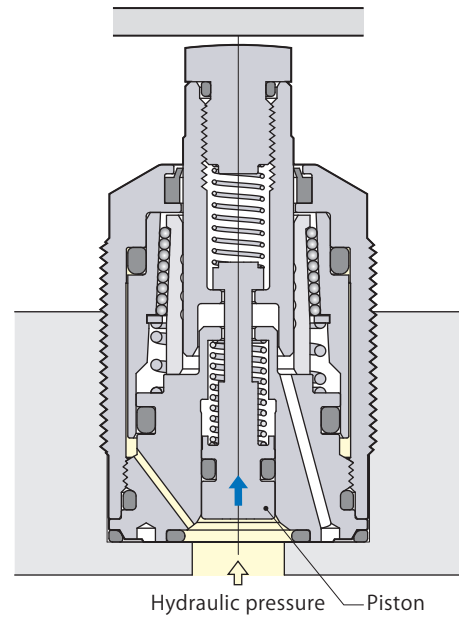
Hydraulic lift (model CSN, CSY)

Plunger is locked after it stroked by the structure containing sequential movement, which enables a workpiece to hold securely.



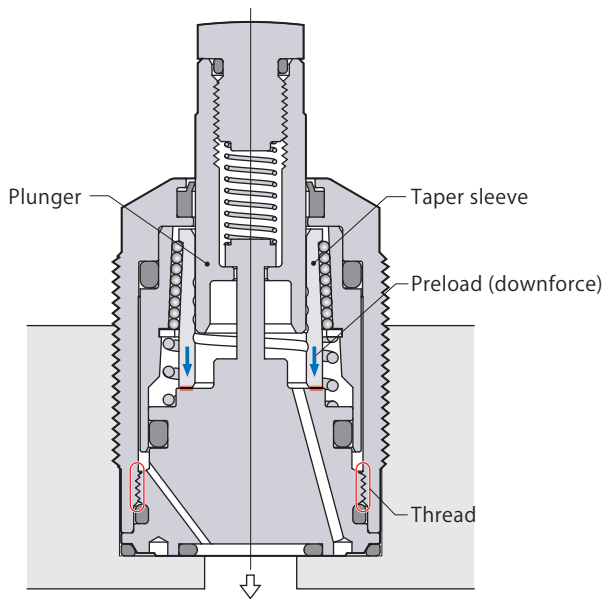
- The taper sleeve is preloaded by the thread and is kept the position lower.

① The piston moves upward



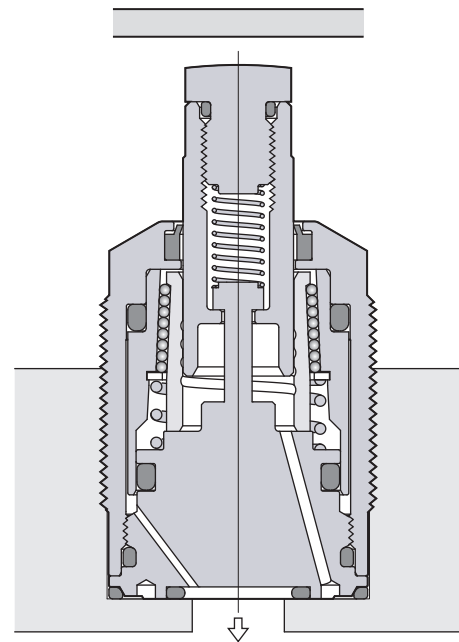
- Piston moves upward by the hydraulic force.

Spring lift (model CSK)



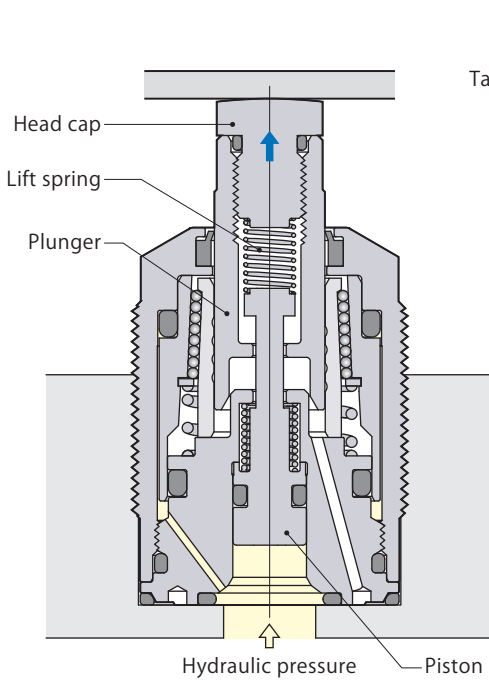
- The taper sleeve is preloaded by the thread and is kept the position lower.

① Before the workpiece approaches

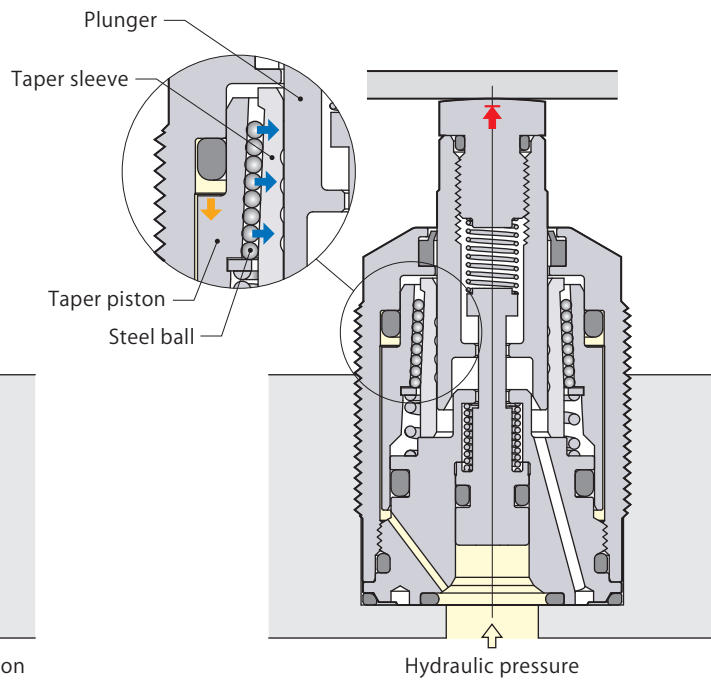


Work support

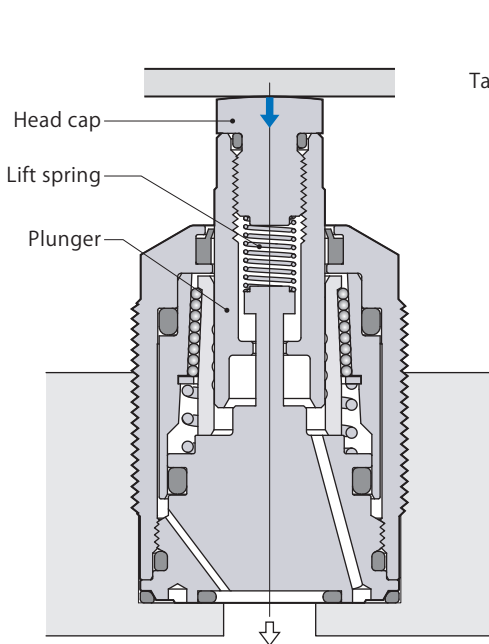
CS□

② Contact with the workpiece

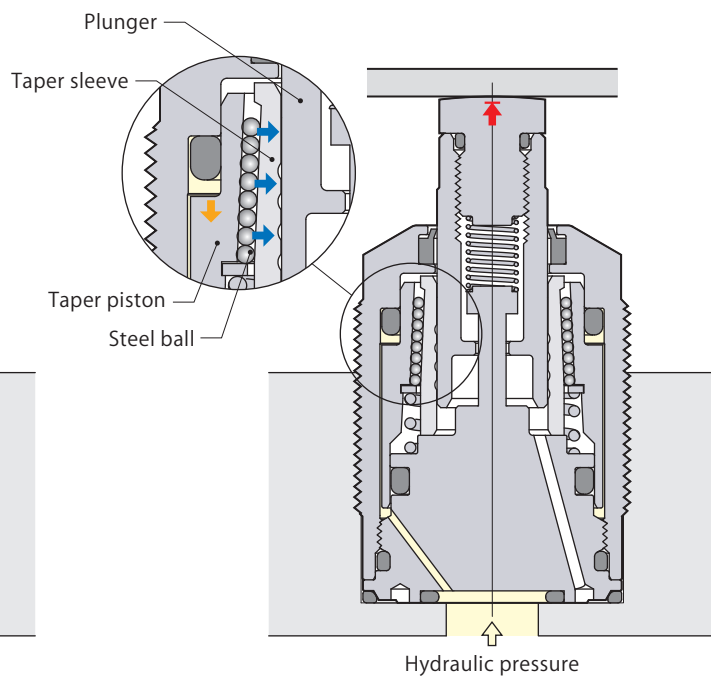
- The plunger with a head cap strokes upward by the lift spring to contact the workpiece. The plunger puts a load on the workpiece since the piston continues to move upward to the end of its stroke.

③ Supporting the workpiece

- After piston stroking, the taper piston moves down by the hydraulic force to depress the taper sleeve by means of the steel balls. Then the taper sleeve locks the plunger firmly.

② Contact with the workpiece

- The workpiece touches head cap then depresses the plunger until it reaches to the seating surface. The lift spring puts a load onto the workpiece.

③ Supporting the workpiece

- The taper piston is pushed down by the hydraulic force to depress the taper sleeve by means of the steel balls. Then the taper sleeve locks the plunger firmly.

Specifications

	Size	Lift spring force	
CSN : Hydraulic lift, standard	00		
	01	L : Standard	(Nil) : Standard
CSY : Hydraulic lift, support force enhanced	03	—	B : Air sensor
	04	H : Strong	
CSK : Spring lift	06		

Air sensor is not applicable for model CSK.

Model		CSN00-□	CSN01-□	CSN03-□	CSN04-□	CSN06-□	
		CSY00-□	CSY01-□	CSY03-□	CSY04-□	CSY06-□	
		CSK00-□	CSK01-□	CSK03-□	CSK04-□	CSK06-□	
Support force (hydraulic pressure 7MPa)*1	CSN, CSK kN	2.5	1	3	4	7	
	CSY kN	3	1.2	4	5.5	10	
Cylinder capacity	CSN, CSY cm ³	0.6	0.4	0.8	1.2	2.0	
	CSK cm ³	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.7	1.2	
Lift spring force*2	L:Standard	CSN, CSK N	2-4			3-6	
		CSY N	2-4	2-4	4-6	5-8	
	H:Strong	CSN, CSK N	3-6			5-8	
		CSY N	3-6	3-6	5-8	6-11	8-14
Plunger stroke	mm	6.5	6	8	8	10	
Max. allowable mass of head cap	kg	0.05			0.1		
Mass	kg	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.7	
Recommended tightening torque of body	N·m	35-45	40-50	40-50	45-55	55-65	

● Pressure range: 2.5-7 MPa ● Proof pressure: 10.5 MPa ● Operating temperature: 0-70 °C

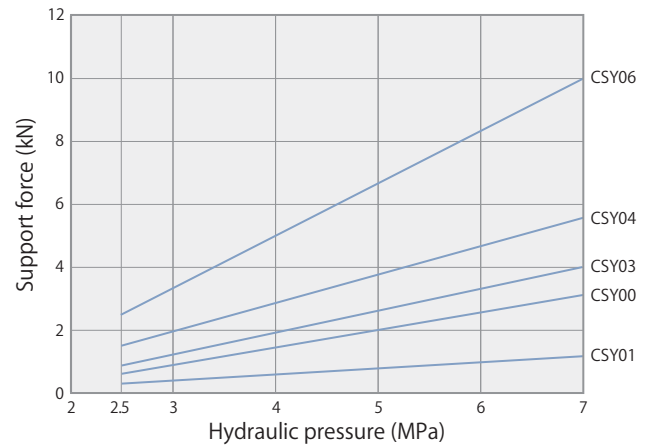
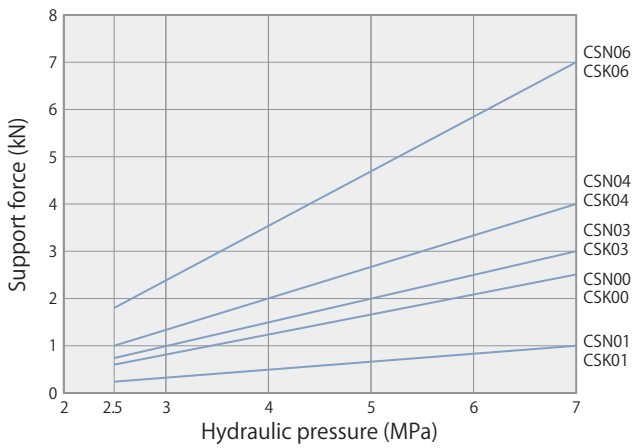
● Fluid used: General mineral based hydraulic oil (ISO-VG32 equivalent)

● Seals are resistant to chlorine-based cutting fluid. (not thermal resistant specification)

*1: When work support and clamp are used facing each other, work support and clamp must be selected in such a way that the support force is 1.5 times the applied load (clamping force + machining force).

*2: Figures are for "upper end to lower end" of plunger action.

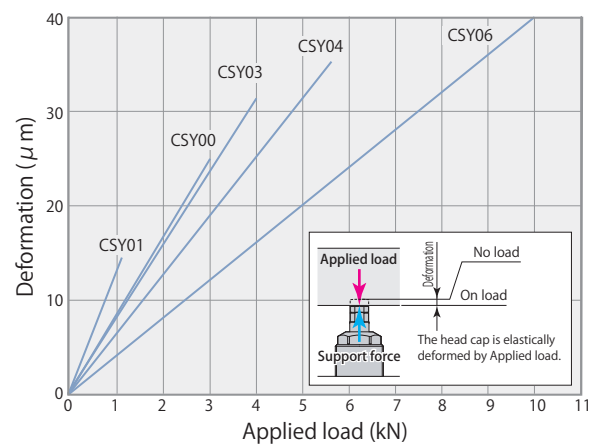
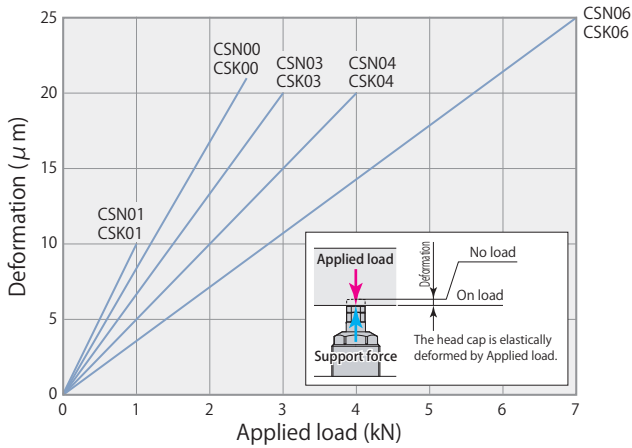
Hydraulic pressure & support force



Hydraulic pressure MPa	CSN, CSK support force kN				
	CS□00	CS□01	CS□03	CS□04	CS□06
2.5	0.6	0.3	0.8	1.0	1.8
3.0	0.8	0.3	1.0	1.3	2.3
3.5	1.0	0.4	1.3	1.7	3.0
4.0	1.2	0.5	1.5	2.0	3.5
4.5	1.4	0.6	1.8	2.3	4.1
5.0	1.7	0.7	2.0	2.7	4.7
5.5	1.9	0.8	2.3	3.0	5.3
6.0	2.1	0.8	2.5	3.3	5.9
6.5	2.3	0.9	2.8	3.6	6.4
7.0	2.5	1.0	3.0	4.0	7.0

Hydraulic pressure MPa	CSY support force kN				
	CSY00	CSY01	CSY03	CSY04	CSY06
2.5	0.8	0.3	1.0	1.4	2.5
3.0	1.0	0.4	1.3	1.8	3.3
3.5	1.3	0.5	1.7	2.3	4.2
4.0	1.5	0.6	2.0	2.8	5.0
4.5	1.8	0.7	2.3	3.2	5.8
5.0	2.0	0.8	2.7	3.7	6.7
5.5	2.3	0.9	3.0	4.1	7.5
6.0	2.5	1.0	3.3	4.6	8.3
6.5	2.8	1.1	3.7	5.0	9.2
7.0	3.0	1.2	4.0	5.5	10.0

Applied load & deformation



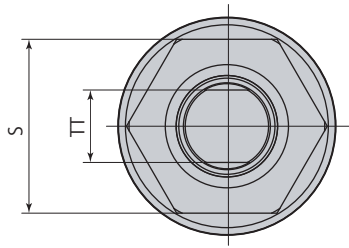
Applied load kN	CSN, CSK deformation μm				
	CS□00	CS□01	CS□03	CS□04	CS□06
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	8.4	10	6.7	5	3.6
2	16.8		13.3	10	7.1
3			20	15	10.7
4				20	14.3
5		Nonusable range			17.9
6					21.4
7					25

Applied load kN	CSY deformation μm				
	CSY00	CSY01	CSY03	CSY04	CSY06
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	8	12	8	6	4
2	17		16	13	8
3	25		24	19	12
4			32	26	16
5				32	20
6					24
7		Nonusable range			28
8					32
9					36
10					40

Held with hydraulic pressure of 7 MPa.

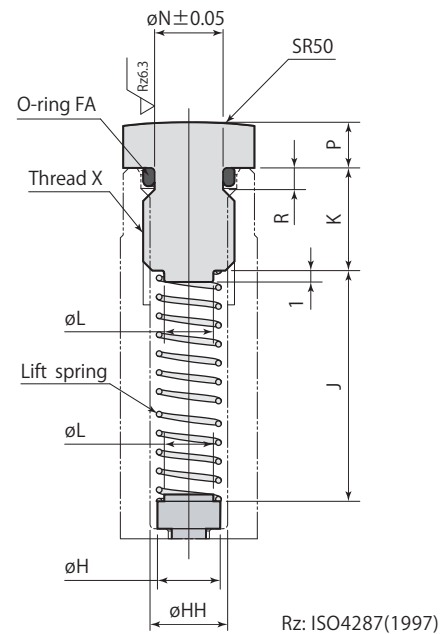
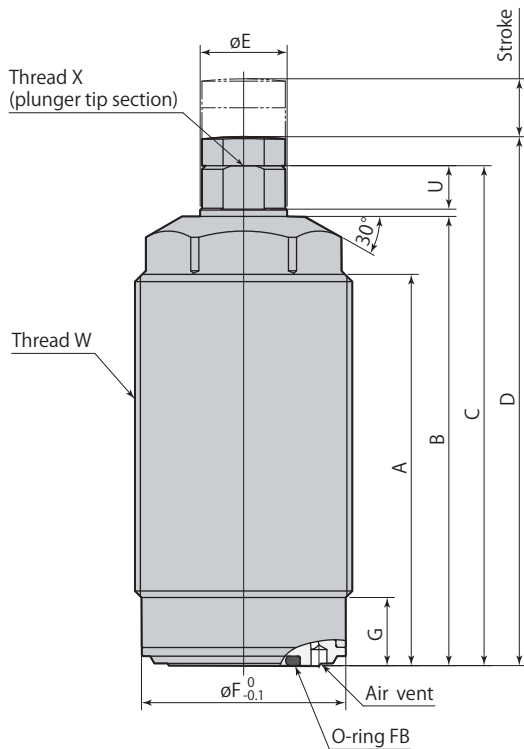
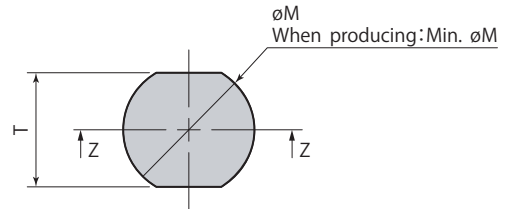
Held with hydraulic pressure of 7 MPa.

Dimensions



Head cap details

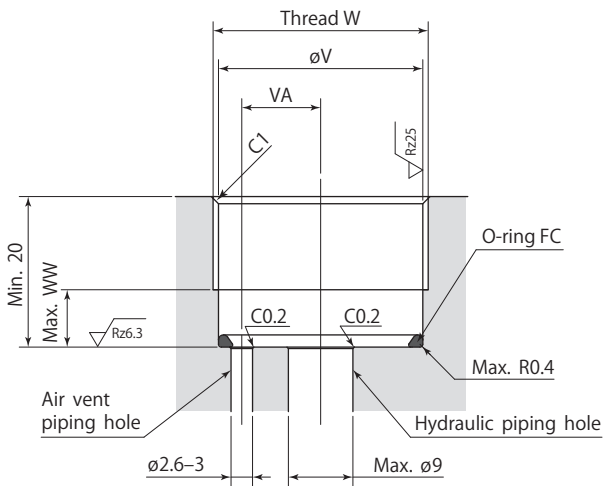
Hardness: HRC52



Rz: ISO4287(1997)

Z-Z

Mounting details



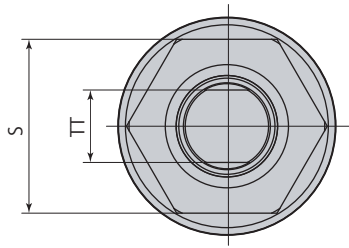
Rz: ISO4287(1997)

- When fixing the hexagon part of body with a vise, etc., make sure the tightening force is 2.5 kN or less.
- Always attach head cap (lift spring cannot be retained). When fabricating head cap, ensure that O-ring slot, spring spot facing and guide are made by referring to head cap details. Be sure to always use O-ring.
- When fabricating a lift spring, determine dimensions by referring to head cap details. Furthermore, rustproofing must be implemented (however, there is no guarantee for operation).
- Install O-ring FC at the bottom of the hole. The O-ring FC is packed with a work support.
- This diagram indicates a situation where head cap has been fitted into plunger with no pressure applied.

Model	CSN00-□	CSN01-□	CSN03-□	CSN04-□	CSN06-□
A	49	33	54	48	60
B	57	41	62	58	71
C	63	48	69	65	78
D	66	52	73	69	82
øE	10	12	12	15	16
øF	24.3	28.2	28.2	34.2	43.2
G	8.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4
øH	4.5	5.5	5.5	7.2	7.2
øHH	5.1	6.8	6.8	8.5	8.5
J	20.6	11.2	23.2	24.1	32.5
K	7.5	9	9	9	9
øL	3.5	4.3	4.3	5	5
øM	9.5	11.5	11.5	12.5	12.5
Min. øM	8.5	10	10	12.5	12.5
øN	4.5	6	6	7.8	7.8
P	3	4	4	4	4
R	1.5	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
S	22	24	24	30	36
T (width across flats)	8	10	10	11	11
TT (plunger width across flats)	8	10	10	13	13
U	5	6	6	6	6
øV	24.5	28.5	28.5	34.5	43.5
VA	9	11	11	13	16
W	M26×1.5	M30×1.5	M30×1.5	M36×1.5	M45×1.5
WW	8	9	9	9	9
X (recommended tightening torque)	M6×1 depth 9 (10 N·m)	M8×1.25 depth 12 (20 N·m)	M8×1.25 depth 12 (20 N·m)	M10×1.5 depth 11 (30 N·m)	M10×1.5 depth 11 (30 N·m)
O-ring FA (fluorocarbon hardness Hs70)	S5	S6	S6	S8	S8
O-ring FB (fluorocarbon hardness Hs90)	AS568-013	AS568-014	AS568-014	AS568-014	AS568-015
O-ring FC (fluorocarbon hardness Hs90)	AS568-020	AS568-022	AS568-022	AS568-026	AS568-030

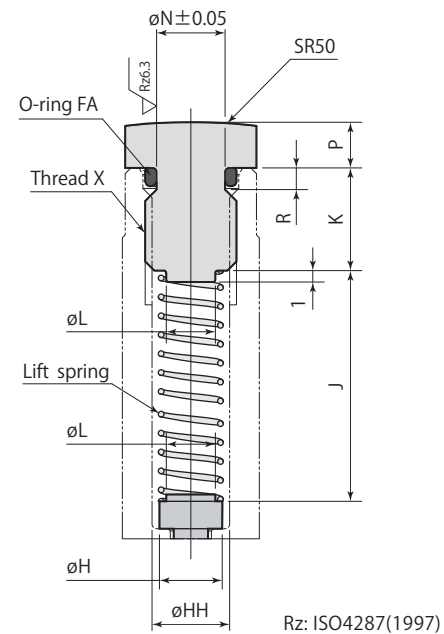
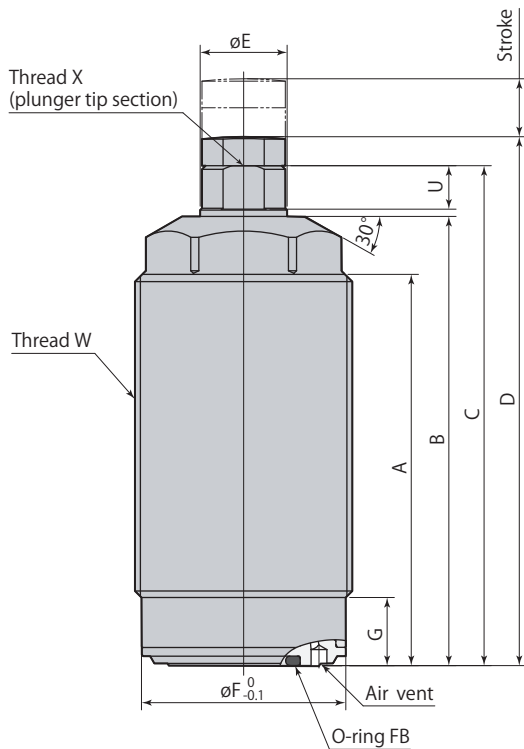
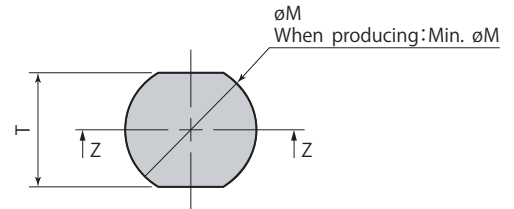
mm

Dimensions



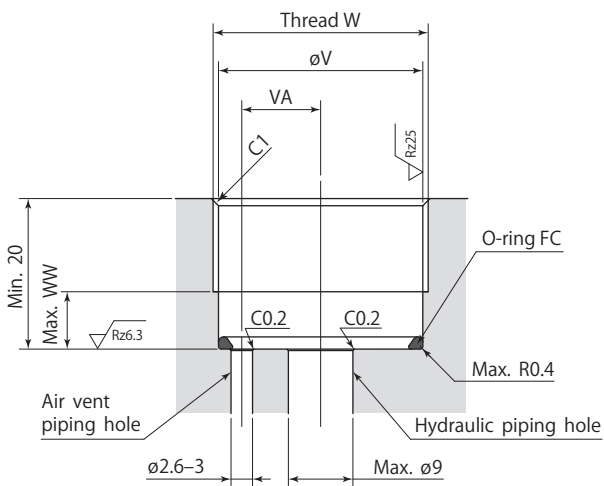
Head cap details

Hardness : HRC52



Rz: ISO4287(1997)

Mounting details



Rz: ISO4287(1997)

- When fixing the hexagon part of body with a vise, etc., make sure the tightening force is 2.5 kN or less.
- Always attach head cap (lift spring cannot be retained). When fabricating head cap, ensure that O-ring slot, spring spot facing and guide are made by referring to head cap details. Be sure to always use O-ring.
- When fabricating a lift spring, determine dimensions by referring to head cap details. Furthermore, rustproofing must be implemented (however, there is no guarantee for operation).
- Install O-ring FC at the bottom of the hole. The O-ring FC is packed with a work support.
- This diagram indicates a situation where head cap has been fitted into plunger with no pressure applied.

Model	CSY00-□	CSY01-□	CSY03-□	CSY04-□	CSY06-□
A	49	33	54	48	60
B	57	41	62	58	71
C	63	48	69	65	78
D	66	52	73	69	82
øE	10	12	12	15	16
øF	24.3	28.2	28.2	34.2	43.2
G	8.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4
øH	4.5	5.5	5.5	7.2	7.2
øHH	5.1	6.8	6.8	8.5	8.5
J	20.6	11.2	23.2	24.1	32.5
K	7.5	9	9	9	9
øL	3.5	4.3	4.3	5	5
øM	9.5	11.5	11.5	12.5	12.5
Min. øM	8.5	10	10	12.5	12.5
øN	4.5	6	6	7.8	7.8
P	3	4	4	4	4
R	1.5	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
S	22	24	24	30	36
T (width across flats)	8	10	10	11	11
TT (plunger width across flats)	8	10	10	13	13
U	5	6	6	6	6
øV	24.5	28.5	28.5	34.5	43.5
VA	9	11	11	13	16
W	M26×1.5	M30×1.5	M30×1.5	M36×1.5	M45×1.5
WW	8	9	9	9	9
X (recommended tightening torque)	M6×1 depth 9 (10 N·m)	M8×1.25 depth 12 (20 N·m)	M8×1.25 depth 12 (20 N·m)	M10×1.5 depth 11 (30 N·m)	M10×1.5 depth 11 (30 N·m)
O-ring FA (fluorocarbon hardness Hs70)	S5	S6	S6	S8	S8
O-ring FB (fluorocarbon hardness Hs90)	AS568-013	AS568-014	AS568-014	AS568-014	AS568-015
O-ring FC (fluorocarbon hardness Hs90)	AS568-020	AS568-022	AS568-022	AS568-026	AS568-030

mm

Work support
Support force enhancedCSY
Hydraulic lift

Air sensor unit

Supplier and model	ISA3-G series manufactured by SMC GPS2-05, GPS3-E series manufactured by CKD
Air supply pressure	0.1 MPa
Inner diameter of piping	ø4 mm
Overall piping length	5 m or less

- Air supply to air sensor unit should be provided to the air vent port. Supplied air should be dried and filtered with particulate size 5 μm or less.
- Use a solenoid valve with needle for air sensor unit and control it supplying air all the time in order to eliminate intrusion of chips or coolant.
- There is a case that air sensing cannot be successfully made as designed when it is used out of the above usage. Contact Technical service center for more details.
- Refer to the sensor supplier's instruction manual for the details of setting.
- Sensing performance such as detectable time and pressure differs depending on the supplier and model number of the sensor. Select the right model referring to sensor's application and characteristics.
- When performing workpiece contact detection for multiple workpieces (in parallel fittings) using one air sensor, consider detection range of air sensor before determining the number of workpiece contacts to be detected.
- Setting air pressure that exceeds air pressure range results in leaking of air from scraper and accurate detection will not be possible.
- If the lowering operation slows down due to air pressure, stop air supply during lowering operation.

Workpiece contact force

Workpiece contact force (lift spring + air pressure lift) is exerted onto workpiece during workpiece setting. Lift spring force varies according to the stroke used. Use following formula to obtain lift spring force:

Lift spring force calculation formula $P_s = P_1 - (P_1 - P_2) \times D_2 / D_1$

Example: model CSN03-LB using stroke of 5 mm:

Lift spring force = $4 - (4 - 2) \times 5 / 8 = 2.75$ (N)

Workpiece contact force varies according to the air pressure used. Use following formula to obtain workpiece contact force:

Workpiece contact force calculation formula $P = P_s + \eta \times P_a$

Example: model CSN03-LB using stroke of 5 mm and air pressure of 0.05 MPa,

Workpiece contact force = $2.75 + 110 \times 0.05 = 8.25$ (N)

P1 : Lift spring force at lower end (N) Lower end of plunger Upper end of plunger

P2 : Lift spring force at upper end (N)

D1 : Full stroke (mm)

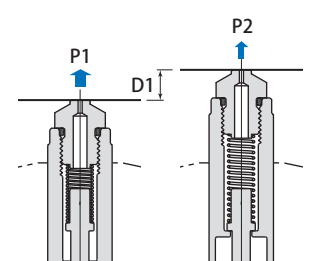
D2 : Used stroke (mm)

P_s : Lift spring force (N)

η : Push up coefficient (refer to table below)

P_a : Air pressure (MPa)

P : Workpiece contact force (N)

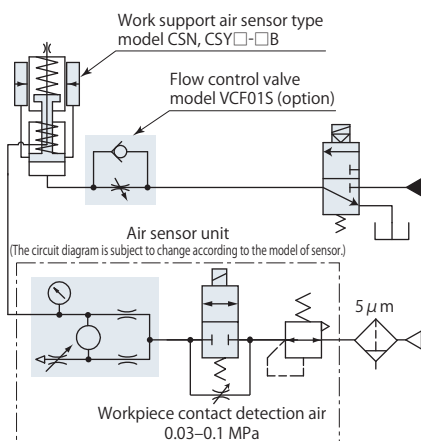


The workpiece contact force varies depending on sliding resistance of scraper. Use calculated figures only as reference.

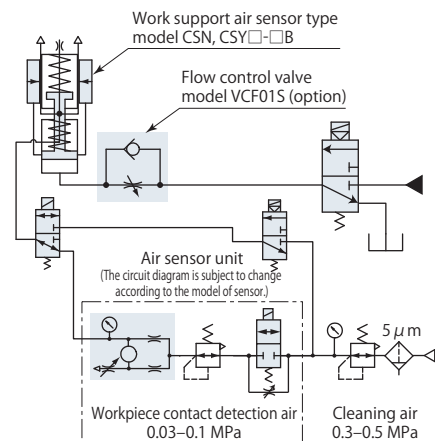
Refer to **page → 150** for specification list for details on lift spring force.

Model	CSN00	CSN01	CSN03	CSN04	CSN06
	-□B	-□B	-□B	-□B	-□B
	CSY00	CSY01	CSY03	CSY04	CSY06
	-□B	-□B	-□B	-□B	-□B
Air pressure range MPa	0.03-0.1				
Plunger stroke mm	6.5	6	8	8	10
Push up coefficient η	80	110	180	180	200

Air sensor & hydraulic circuit diagram

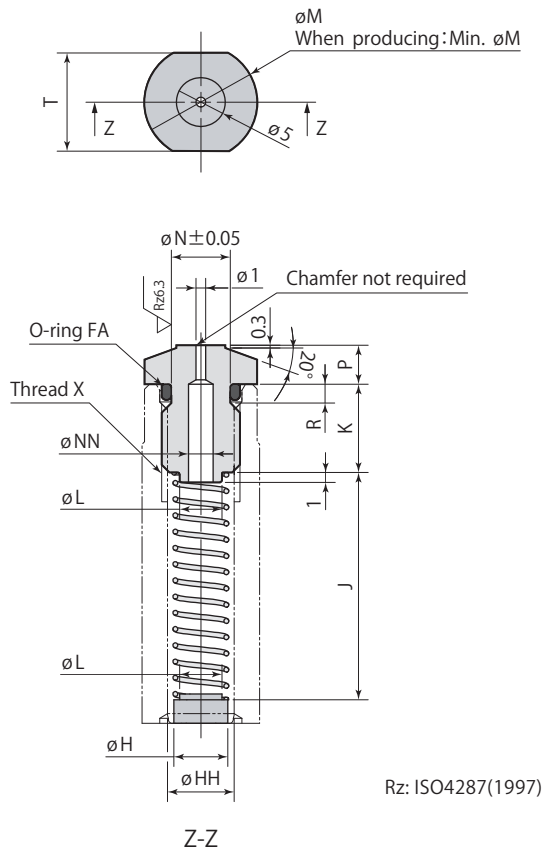


Air sensor & air cleaning & hydraulic circuit diagram



Air sensor head cap details

Hardness: HRC52



Rz: ISO4287(1997)

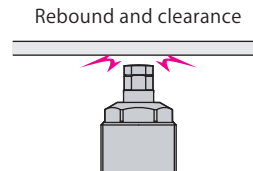
- Workpiece contact detection is not possible merely by replacing head cap of standard work support.
- This diagram indicates a situation where head cap has been fitted into plunger with no pressure applied.

Model	mm				
	CSN00-□B	CSN01-□B	CSN03-□B	CSN04-□B	CSN06-□B
	CSY00-□B	CSY01-□B	CSY03-□B	CSY04-□B	CSY06-□B
øH	4.5	5.5		7.2	
øHH	5.1	6.8		8.5	
J	20.6	11.2	23.2	24.1	32.5
K	7.5	9		9	
øL	3.5	4.3		5	
øM	9.5	11.5		12.5	
Min. øM	8.5	10		12.5	
øN	4.5	6		7.8	
øNN	2.5	2.5		3.4	
P	3	4		4	
R	1.5	1.9		1.9	
T (width across flats)	8	10		11	
X (recommended tightening torque)	M6×1 depth 9 (10 N·m)	M8×1.25 depth 12 (20 N·m)		M10×1.5 depth 11 (30 N·m)	
O-ring FA (fluorocarbon hardness Hs70)	S5	S6		S8	

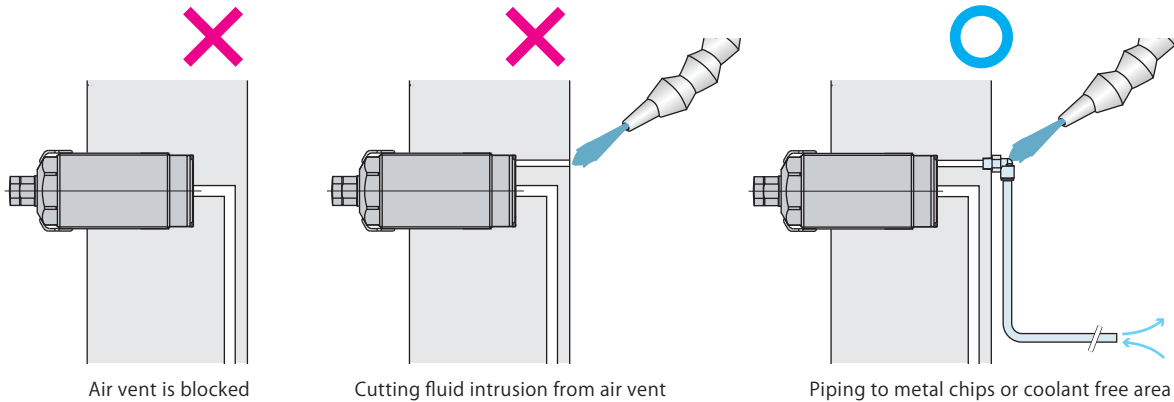
Caution in use

- The lift spring in the plunger may push the workpiece upward if it is light weight and seating detection cannot be complete. Review the weight of workpiece or lift spring force and make it appropriate to seat the workpiece perfectly and accurate the work support.
- Set the plunger lifting time to 0.5 seconds or longer by adjusting the flow control valve with check valve (meter-in). Reasonable plunger ascending speed can prevent the parts from breakage also curbs plunger contact false. Use a flow control valve with cracking pressure of 0.05MPa or less, in order to shorten plunger descending speed. (Cracking pressure of optional flow control valve model VCF01S is 0.04 MPa.)

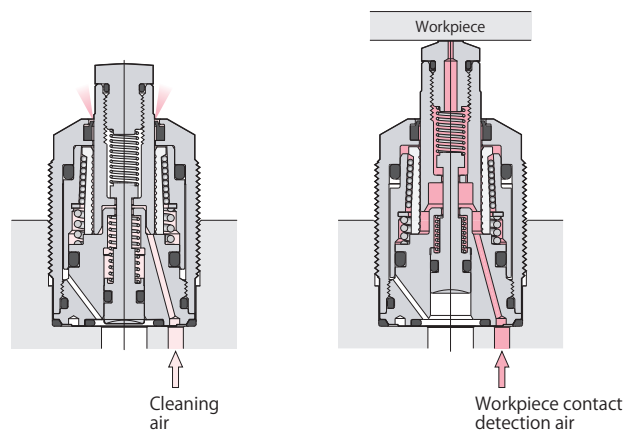
If the plunger ascends to reach a workpiece too fast, it rebounds after hitting the workpiece and will create a small clearance between the two. The clearance may cause a supporting fault of the workpiece.



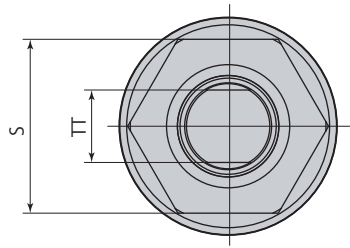
- Avoid following usages. These may cause sleeve deformation that could lead to malfunction of plunger or decreased support force.
 - ✗ Applying eccentric load on plunger.
 - ✗ Applying load that exceeds rated support force.
 - ✗ Rotating plunger when locked.
- Air vent must be opened to atmosphere. Any blockage on the vent results in malfunction. Provide the piping if there is a risk of coolant or metal chips intrusion. Allowing intrusion of cutting fluid may cause rusting and other problems.



- Air (oil free) must be fed through a $5\mu\text{m}$ filter that is connected to an air vent port for air cleaning or workpiece contact detection (air sensor). Perform air cleaning only when replacing workpiece. Plunger will rise during air cleaning.

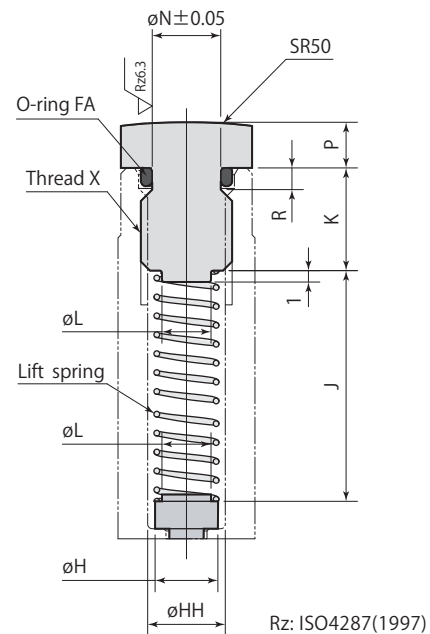
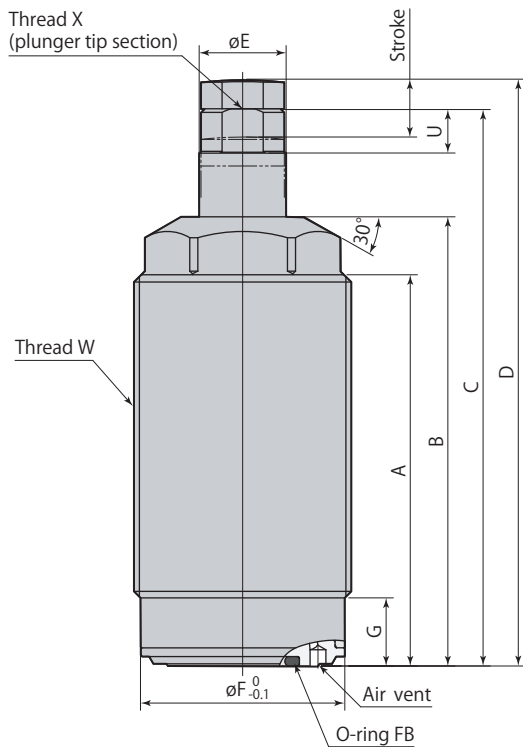
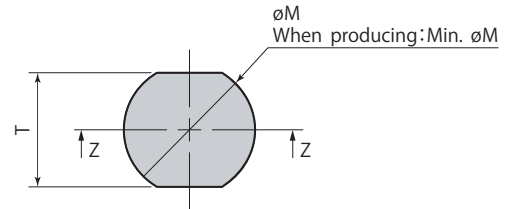


Dimensions

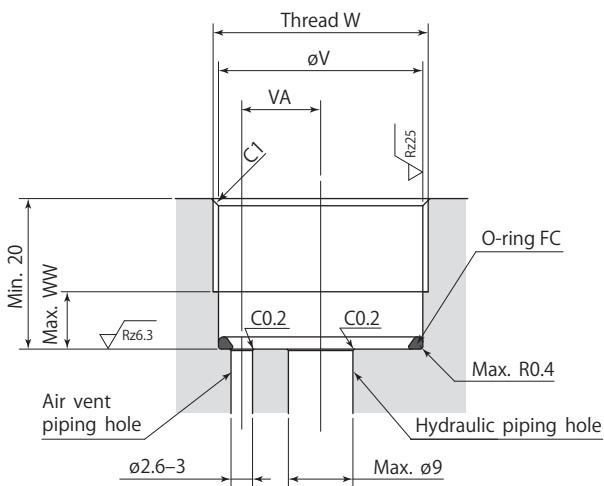


Head cap details

Hardness : HRC52



Mounting details



- When fixing the hexagon part of body with a vise, etc., make sure the tightening force is 2.5 kN or less.
- Always attach head cap (lift spring cannot be retained). When fabricating head cap, ensure that O-ring slot, spring spot facing and guide are made by referring to head cap details. Be sure to always use O-ring.
- When fabricating a lift spring, determine dimensions by referring to head cap details. Furthermore, rustproofing must be implemented (however, there is no guarantee for operation).
- Install O-ring FC at the bottom of the hole. The O-ring FC is packed with a work support.
- This diagram indicates a situation where head cap has been fitted into plunger with no pressure applied.

CSK □-□	Work support Spring lift	7MPa
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Model	CSK00-□	CSK01-□	CSK03-□	CSK04-□	CSK06-□
A	49	33	54	48	60
B	57	41	62	58	71
C	69.5	54	77	73	88
D	72.5	58	81	77	92
øE	10	12	12	15	16
øF	24.3	28.2	28.2	34.2	43.2
G	8.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4
øH	4.5	5.5	5.5	7.2	7.2
øHH	5.1	6.8	6.8	8.5	8.5
J	20.6	11.2	23.2	24.1	32.5
K	7.5	9	9	9	9
øL	3.5	4.3	4.3	5	5
øM	9.5	11.5	11.5	12.5	12.5
Min. øM	8.5	10	10	12.5	12.5
øN	4.5	6	6	7.8	7.8
P	3	4	4	4	4
R	1.5	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
S	22	24	24	30	36
T (width across flats)	8	10	10	11	11
TT (plunger width across flats)	8	10	10	13	13
U	5	6	6	6	6
øV	24.5	28.5	28.5	34.5	43.5
VA	9	11	11	13	16
W	M26×1.5	M30×1.5	M30×1.5	M36×1.5	M45×1.5
WW	8	9	9	9	9
X (recommended tightening torque)	M6×1 depth 9 (10 N·m)	M8×1.25 depth 12 (20 N·m)	M8×1.25 depth 12 (20 N·m)	M10×1.5 depth 11 (30 N·m)	M10×1.5 depth 11 (30 N·m)
O-ring FA (fluorocarbon hardness Hs70)	S5	S6	S6	S8	S8
O-ring FB (fluorocarbon hardness Hs90)	AS568-013	AS568-014	AS568-014	AS568-014	AS568-015
O-ring FC (fluorocarbon hardness Hs90)	AS568-020	AS568-022	AS568-022	AS568-026	AS568-030

mm

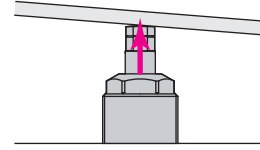
Work support

CSK
Spring lift

Caution in use

- If the workpiece is light weight, the plunger cannot be pressed down by the weight of workpiece and seating detection cannot be complete. Review the weight of workpiece or lift spring force to make the workpiece seat perfectly, and lock the work support.

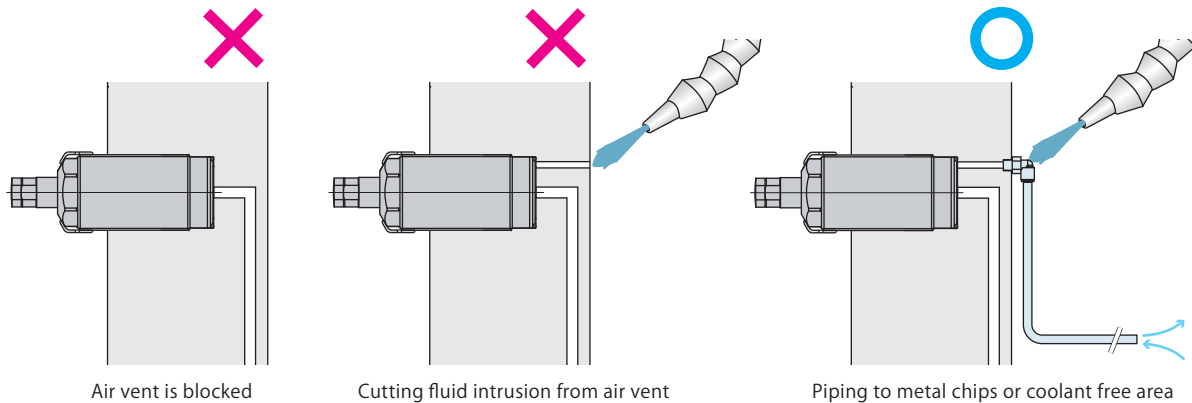
Spring pushes the workpiece



- Avoid following usages. These may cause sleeve deformation that could lead to malfunction of plunger or decreased support force.

- ✗ Applying eccentric load on plunger.
- ✗ Applying load that exceeds rated support force.
- ✗ Rotating plunger when locked.

- Air vent must be opened to atmosphere. Any blockage on the vent results in malfunction. Provide the piping if there is a risk of coolant or metal chips intrusion. Allowing intrusion of cutting fluid may cause rusting and other problems.



- Air (oil free) must be fed through a $5\ \mu\text{m}$ filter that is connected to an air vent port for air cleaning. Perform air cleaning only when replacing workpiece.